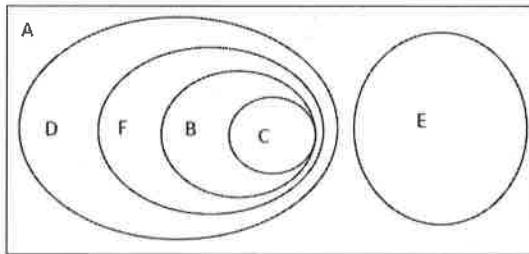


Name: K E Y BLOCK \_\_\_\_\_

Math 10 100% Quiz

Fill in the following diagram illustrating the relationship among the subsets of the real number system. (Use descriptions on previous page)



- A Real
- B Whole
- C Natural
- D Rational
- E Irrational
- F Integer

Column 1.	Column 2. Complete this column if you make an error in column 1.	Column 3 Complete this column if you make an error in column 2.
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1. To what set(s) of the real number system does -3 belong?

Integer

Rational

Real

- To what set(s) of the real number system does  $\frac{1}{2}$  belong?

Rational

Real

- To what set(s) of the real number system does 11 belong?

Natural  
Whole  
Integer

Rational  
Real

2. Find the GCF of 24, 120 and 72

$$\begin{array}{c}
 24 \quad 120 \quad 72 \\
 \diagup \quad \diagup \quad \diagup \\
 6 \quad 4 \quad 12 \quad 10 \quad 9 \quad 8 \\
 \diagup \quad \diagup \quad \diagup \quad \diagup \\
 3 \quad 2 \quad 3 \quad 4 \quad 3 \quad 4 \\
 \diagup \quad \diagup \quad \diagup \quad \diagup \\
 2 \quad 2 \quad 2 \quad 5 \quad 3 \quad 2 \\
 \diagup \quad \diagup \quad \diagup \quad \diagup \\
 2 \quad 2 \quad 5 \quad 3 \quad 2 \quad 2 \\
 \boxed{2} \times \boxed{3} = \boxed{24}
 \end{array}$$

- Find the GCF of 16, 100 and 56

$$\begin{array}{c}
 16 \quad 100 \quad 56 \\
 \diagup \quad \diagup \quad \diagup \\
 4 \quad 4 \quad 10 \quad 10 \quad 7 \quad 8 \\
 \diagup \quad \diagup \quad \diagup \quad \diagup \\
 2 \quad 2 \quad 2 \quad 5 \quad 2 \quad 7 \\
 \diagup \quad \diagup \quad \diagup \quad \diagup \\
 2 \quad 2 \quad 5 \quad 2 \quad 2 \\
 \boxed{2} \times \boxed{2} = \boxed{4}
 \end{array}$$

- Find the GCF of 24, 102 and 64

$$\begin{array}{c}
 24 \quad 102 \quad 64 \\
 \diagup \quad \diagup \quad \diagup \\
 6 \quad 4 \quad 2 \quad 5 \quad 1 \quad 8 \quad 8 \\
 \diagup \quad \diagup \quad \diagup \quad \diagup \\
 3 \quad 2 \quad 2 \quad 3 \quad 1 \quad 7 \quad 4 \quad 2 \\
 \diagup \quad \diagup \quad \diagup \quad \diagup \\
 3 \quad 2 \quad 2 \quad 3 \quad 1 \quad 7 \quad 4 \quad 2 \\
 \boxed{2}
 \end{array}$$

3. Find the LCM of 18, 20, 30

$$\begin{array}{c}
 2 \quad | \quad 18 \quad 20 \quad 30 \\
 3 \quad | \quad 9 \quad 10 \quad 15 \\
 5 \quad | \quad 3 \quad 10 \quad 5 \\
 \hline
 2^2 \cdot 3^2 \cdot 5
 \end{array}$$

- Find the LCM of 18, 24, 30

$$\begin{array}{c}
 2 \quad | \quad 18 \quad 24 \quad 30 \\
 3 \quad | \quad 9 \quad 12 \quad 15 \\
 2 \quad | \quad 3 \quad 4 \quad 5 \\
 \hline
 3 \quad 2 \quad 5 \\
 2^3 \cdot 3^2 \cdot 5
 \end{array}$$

- Find the LCM of 22, 28, 35

$$\begin{array}{c}
 2 \quad | \quad 22 \quad 28 \quad 35 \\
 7 \quad | \quad 11 \quad 14 \quad 35 \\
 \hline
 11 \quad 2 \quad 5
 \end{array}$$

$$2^2 \cdot 5 \cdot 7 \cdot 11$$

4. Simplify:  $\sqrt{75}$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \sqrt{25} \sqrt{3} \\
 \boxed{5\sqrt{3}}
 \end{array}$$

- Simplify:  $\sqrt{98}$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \sqrt{49} \sqrt{2} \\
 7\sqrt{2}
 \end{array}$$

- Simplify:  $\sqrt{32}$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \sqrt{16} \sqrt{2} \\
 4\sqrt{2}
 \end{array}$$

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5. Simplify:  $\sqrt{25x^6}$

$$5x^3$$

Simplify:  $\sqrt{36b^4}$

$$6b^2$$

Simplify:  $\sqrt{49x^6y^2}$

$$7x^3y$$

6. Simplify:  $\sqrt[3]{54}$

$$\begin{array}{c} \sqrt[3]{27} \\ \sqrt[3]{2} \\ 3\sqrt[3]{2} \end{array}$$

Simplify:  $\sqrt[3]{56}$

$$\begin{array}{c} \sqrt[3]{8} \\ \sqrt[3]{7} \\ 2\sqrt[3]{7} \end{array}$$

Simplify:  $\sqrt[3]{24}$

$$\begin{array}{c} \sqrt[3]{8} \\ \sqrt[3]{3} \\ 2\sqrt[3]{3} \end{array}$$

7. Evaluate:  $\sqrt{\frac{16}{25}}$

$$\frac{4}{5}$$

Evaluate:  $\sqrt{\frac{36}{49}}$

$$\frac{6}{7}$$

Evaluate:  $\sqrt{\frac{100}{121}}$

$$\frac{10}{11}$$

8. Simplify:  $2\sqrt{10} \times 3\sqrt{6}$

$$\begin{array}{l} 6\sqrt{60} \\ 6\sqrt{4}\sqrt{15} \\ 6 \cdot 2\sqrt{15} \\ 12\sqrt{15} \end{array}$$

Simplify:  $2\sqrt{5} \times 7\sqrt{10}$

$$\begin{array}{l} 14\sqrt{50} \\ 14\sqrt{25}\sqrt{2} \\ 14 \cdot 5\sqrt{2} \\ 70\sqrt{2} \end{array}$$

Simplify:  $2\sqrt{2} \times 5\sqrt{10}$

$$\begin{array}{l} 10\sqrt{20} \\ 10\sqrt{4}\sqrt{5} \\ 10 \cdot 2\sqrt{5} \\ 20\sqrt{5} \end{array}$$

9. Simplify:  $-2\sqrt{2} \times -3\sqrt{14}$

$$\begin{array}{l} 6\sqrt{28} \\ 6\sqrt{4}\sqrt{7} \\ 6 \cdot 2\sqrt{7} \\ 12\sqrt{7} \end{array}$$

Simplify:  $-5\sqrt{6} \times 3\sqrt{8}$

$$\begin{array}{l} -15\sqrt{48} \\ -15\sqrt{16}\sqrt{3} \\ -15 \cdot 4\sqrt{3} \\ -60\sqrt{3} \end{array}$$

Simplify:  $-7\sqrt{3} \times -2\sqrt{15}$

$$\begin{array}{l} 14\sqrt{45} \\ 14\sqrt{9}\sqrt{5} \\ 14 \cdot 3\sqrt{5} \\ 42\sqrt{5} \end{array}$$

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10. Find the missing side in simplest radical form of a right angled triangle with legs 3 and 6.

$$\begin{array}{l}
 \text{Diagram: } \begin{array}{c} x \\ \diagdown \\ 3 \quad 6 \end{array} \\
 3^2 + 6^2 = x^2 \\
 9 + 36 = x^2 \\
 45 = x^2 \\
 \sqrt{45} = x \\
 \sqrt{9 \cdot 5} = x \\
 \boxed{3\sqrt{5}} = x
 \end{array}$$

- Find the missing side in simplest radical form of a right angled triangle with legs 5 and 5.

$$\begin{array}{l}
 \text{Diagram: } \begin{array}{c} x \\ \diagdown \\ 5 \quad 5 \end{array} \\
 5^2 + 5^2 = x^2 \\
 25 + 25 = x^2 \\
 50 = x^2 \\
 \sqrt{50} = x \\
 \sqrt{25 \cdot 2} = x
 \end{array}$$

- Find the missing side in simplest radical form of a right angled triangle with legs 4 and 8.

$$\begin{array}{l}
 \text{Diagram: } \begin{array}{c} x \\ \diagdown \\ 4 \quad 8 \end{array} \\
 4^2 + 8^2 = x^2 \\
 16 + 64 = x^2 \\
 80 = x^2 \\
 \sqrt{80} = x
 \end{array}$$

11. Find the area of the shaded region shown in lowest mixed radical form:

$$\begin{array}{l}
 3\sqrt{6} \\
 \text{Diagram: } \begin{array}{c} \text{Shaded rectangle} \\ \text{Width: } 2\sqrt{3}, \text{ Height: } 3\sqrt{6} \end{array}
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l}
 2\sqrt{3} \times 3\sqrt{6} \\
 6\sqrt{18} \\
 6\sqrt{9 \cdot 2} \\
 6 \cdot 3\sqrt{2}
 \end{array}$$

- Find the area of the shaded region shown in lowest mixed radical form:

$$\begin{array}{l}
 7\sqrt{10} \\
 \text{Diagram: } \begin{array}{c} \text{Shaded rectangle} \\ \text{Width: } 5\sqrt{5}, \text{ Height: } 7\sqrt{10} \end{array}
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l}
 5\sqrt{5} \cdot 7\sqrt{10} \\
 35\sqrt{50} \\
 35\sqrt{25 \cdot 2} \\
 35 \cdot 5\sqrt{2} \\
 175\sqrt{2}
 \end{array}$$

- Find the area of the shaded region shown in lowest mixed radical form:

$$\begin{array}{l}
 5\sqrt{14} \\
 \text{Diagram: } \begin{array}{c} \text{Shaded rectangle} \\ \text{Width: } 2\sqrt{7}, \text{ Height: } 5\sqrt{14} \end{array}
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l}
 10\sqrt{98} \\
 10\sqrt{49 \cdot 2} \\
 70\sqrt{2}
 \end{array}$$

12. Simplify in lowest mixed radical form:

$$\sqrt[3]{48}$$

$$\begin{array}{l}
 \sqrt[3]{8 \cdot 6} \\
 2\sqrt[3]{6}
 \end{array}$$

- Simplify in lowest mixed radical form:

$$\sqrt[3]{54}$$

$$\begin{array}{l}
 \sqrt[3]{27 \cdot 2} \\
 3\sqrt[3]{2}
 \end{array}$$

- Simplify in lowest mixed radical form:

$$\sqrt[3]{-250}$$

$$\begin{array}{l}
 \sqrt[3]{-125} \sqrt[3]{2} \\
 -5\sqrt[3]{2}
 \end{array}$$

